

**(11) Nonparametric inference**

## STUDY QUESTIONS

1. Write down the definition of the empirical distribution of a random variable  $X$ .
2. Write down the definition of the empirical distribution function of a random variable  $X$ .
3. State the Glivenko-Cantelli theorem.
4. Write down the definition of a histogram estimator with binwidth  $b$  for the PDF of a random variable  $X$ .
5. Write down the definition of a kernel density estimator with bandwidth  $b$  for the PDF of a random variable  $X$ .
6. Give a conceptual explanation of the formula of a kernel density estimator.
7. Give a conceptual explanation of how the bootstrap estimates the variance of a statistic.

## EXERCISES (THEORY)

1. Introduce the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test of a simple hypothesis ([DeGroot and Schervish, 2012](#), Theorem 10.6.2, Definition 10.6.2, pp. 657 - 663).
2. Introduce the Jackknife estimator for the variance of a statistic ([Wasserman, 2004](#), Section 8.5.1).
3. Prove the Glivenko-Cantelli theorem ([Van der Vaart, 2000](#), Theorem 19.1).

## EXERCISES (PROGRAMMING)

1. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ . Implement a histogram density estimator for the PDF of  $X_i := X_1$ . Visualize the relationship between the sample size  $n$  and the binwidth  $b$  in determining the quality of the estimate.
2. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ . Implement a kernel density estimator for the PDF of  $X_i := X_1$ . Visualize the relationship between the sample size  $n$  and the bandwidth  $b$  in determining the quality of the estimate.
3. For  $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  use the bootstrap to estimate the variance of the T-statistic

$$T = \sqrt{n} \frac{\bar{X}_n - \mu}{S_n}. \quad (9)$$

Compare the bootstrap estimates to the analytical variance  $\mathbb{V}(T) = \frac{n}{n-2}$  for varying  $n > 2$  and varying number of bootstrap samples.